

MCKINLEY HIS CHOICE.

Archbishop Ireland Settles the Question by Announcing That He Will Vote

FOR MCKINLEY AND ROOSEVELT.

Nation's Honor at Home and Abroad Will Be Safe in Administration's Hands.

New York, Oct. 20.—Archbishop Ireland today gave out the following personal statement as to his attitude in the present campaign:

"How do I intend to vote? It cannot at first sight but seem more or less impertinent for any citizen to tell the public how he intends to vote. In voting each citizen obeys the dictates of his own sense of civic duty; he should simply do this and leave to others to do likewise. However, since a certain number of newspapers have undertaken to say how I intend to vote, and in so doing have misinterpreted my intention, and have not been unwilling to make political capital out of my supposed vote. I will give to the question—how I intend to vote—a categorical and unmistakable reply.

"I intend to vote for William McKinley and Theodore Roosevelt.

"In giving my vote for the candidates of the Republican party I am satisfied in my own conscience that I serve the best interests of the country at home and abroad; that I contribute to the maintenance of the country's material prosperity and of peace and good will between the several classes of its population; that I aid the country in bringing about the safest and most honorable solutions of the complex problems which confront it as the result of the late war and in retaining for itself the exalted position which it holds at present commercially and diplomatically before other nations of the world.

"I trust no further doubts will be expressed as to how I intend to vote."

Cost of Living Less.

"The interesting disclosure is made," says Leslie's Weekly, "that the cost of living is less in the United States today than it was in 1860. Carefully compiled statistics show that articles costing \$100 then cost only \$75 now. It is true that a few things are more expensive, but commodities consumed generally by families, such as breadstuffs, sugar, rice, salt, woolen and cotton goods, boots and shoes and silk and rubber goods, are considerably cheaper now than they were thirty years ago. All manufactured goods, with hardly an exception, are cheaper, mainly because of improved processes of manufacture, which enable the maker to reduce the cost to the lowest point. The development of our vast arable territory in the West, Northwest and Southwest and the striking results of irrigation, when applied to what were formerly considered desert lands, have increased our crop supplies more rapidly than the increase of population. Despite the dire predictions that prices of wheat, corn and cotton must inevitably advance because little land remained to be cultivated in the West and South, the fact is that millions of acres are still awaiting tillage. In Texas alone an area almost as extensive as that of the original thirteen states is virgin soil. The emigrant may have to go further and work harder to establish a homestead

in the United States, but the country is still rich enough to give every able-bodied, industrious newcomer a chance to own a farm."

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS SAVED.

What the Coal Mines Have Been Worth to One Farmer in One Year.

STUFF WOULD HAVE BEEN WASTED.

A farmer of this section of Hopkins county, who was in town the other day transacting some business with the St. Bernard Coal Company, made an interesting statement, which shows one of the unsuspected ways in which the immense coal mining interests of Hopkins county benefit the public generally. This farmer has been selling props to the coal company. These mine props are made from timber that is useless for any other purpose, and he said, beside being able to convert his labor into ready cash, he was able to turn so much waste timber to a clear profit. He said he had sold to the coal company \$500 in props in one year. This is only one case. There are many such transactions with many people by the several coal operators of Hopkins county. No small amount of money goes out to the county people in the aggregate. And this is only a straw in the wind of prosperous industry that blows from the coal fields of Hopkins county upon every avenue of the county's life and trade. Without the coal mines this \$500 and many another hundred dollars worth of props would have rotted in the woods and fertilized the violets.

Tungsten.

According to the New York Tribune, rare minerals which are being mined at Long Hill, eight miles north of Bridgeport, Ct., are being used by the United States government in a series of experiments to find a projectile that will pierce the heaviest and hardest armor plate. The products of this mine are wolfram and scheelite, the two being found in combination, so far, nowhere else in the world. They are, however, found separately, scheelite being found in the gold mines of New Zealand, but it does not equal either in quantity or quality that which is being mined at Long Hill from the Shaganawaump mountain. Wolfram is found in small quantities in Utah, Arizona and in the tin mines of Cornwall, England. This combination makes the value of the mine extremely great. Wolfram and scheelite are the ores of tungsten. At the present time the products of the mine sell from \$450 to \$650 a ton, and the owners of this mine control the world's market for tungsten.

Old Mason's Home.

The committee on Old Mason's Home reported to the Masonic Grand Lodge of Kentucky last week in favor of purchasing not more than 250 acres of land on which to erect a home for aged and infirm Masons.

Ohas. L. Stone, general passenger agent of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad, has been selected to fill the position of general passenger agent of the L. & N. left vacant by the death of C. P. Atmore. The appointment takes effect Nov. 1st.

Strike Declared Off.

Middlesboro, Oct. 23.—Vice-President Howe, of District No. 19, has declared the strike off in the Mingo district. Eight hundred men will go to work at once. There is great rejoicing among both citizens and miners.

IRELAND SPEAKS FOR LEO.

Tells of the Pope's Attitude Toward the Philippines.

Archbishop Repeats for Publication the Assurances of Good Will Given Him by Vatican Officials When He Was in Rome.

New York, October 19.—Archbishop Ireland, in conversation to-day touching the sentiment at Rome toward the Catholic Church in the Philippines and Cuba, remarked that he felt quite willing to repeat what was recently said to him in Rome on this subject. He said he did so the more readily that the eminent personages with whom he had the honor of conversing on the matter showed themselves to be in no way unwilling to have the statements made by them become public. The Archbishop said:

"In one of the audiences which he graciously granted me, the Pope said:

"We are well pleased with the relations of the American government to the church in Cuba and the Philippine Islands. The American government gives proof of good will and exhibits in its acts a spirit of justice and of respect for the liberties and rights of the church.

"The reports we receive from Bishops and others indicate this. Difficulties of detail occur as a consequence of war and of newness of complexions. But we understand such things. We have confidence in the intelligence and the spirit of justice of the American government and believe that the future will not lead us to a change of sentiment toward it. Under the American Government there will be due respect for rights of property and of conscience. You will thank in my name the President of the Republic for what is being done."

"The Cardinal Secretary of State, Rampolla, on my telling him of my conversation with the Pope, said that the statements made to me by the Pope were such as he, from his own personal knowledge and belief, was ready to repeat, and that I was at liberty to make them known to the American people at large. The Cardinal said, furthermore, that on no less than three different occasions petitions were sent to the Vatican in the name of the Filipino leaders to open between them and the Vatican direct official relations, but that the Vatican always refused to listen to such petitions out of consideration for the American Government. The church, said the Cardinal, needs in Cuba and the Philippines the co-operation of the American Government for the protection of its rights and liberties, as, indeed, the American Government needs the co-operation of the church for the pacification of those countries.

"Cardinal Gotti, before his elevation to the cardinalate, had been superior general to the Carmelite monks, and had established in Cuba antecedently to the American occupation three houses of the order. He said to me:

"I received a few days ago letters from the several Carmelite houses in Cuba. The fathers tell me that they enjoy under the present administration of the island full liberty; that they have undisturbed possession of all their properties, and that they were never in better position to labor for the progress of religion and the salvation of souls."

DEMOCRATIC, COMPARED WITH REPUBLICAN PROSPERITY.

Illustrated by Hopkins County Coal Interests.

In 1892—The Last Year of President Harrison's Administration,	Hopkins County Produced.....	736,765 Tons	Percentage of Increase.
In 1893—The First Year of Cleveland's Administration,	Hopkins County Produced.....	761,074 Tons	3 1/3 Per Cent. Over 1892, in 1 Year.
In 1896—The Last Year of Cleveland's Administration,	Hopkins County Produced.....	779,181 Tons	5 3/4 Per Cent. Over 1892, in 4 Years.
In 1897—The First Year of McKinley's Administration,	Hopkins County Produced.....	961,412 Tons	23 1/2 Per Cent. Over 1892, in 1 Year.
In 1899—The Third Year of Republican Rule,	Hopkins County Produced.....	1,265,706 Tons	62 1/2 Per Cent. Over 1892, in 3 Years.

A Democratic Increase in four years of 5 3-4 per cent.

A Republican Increase in three years of 62 1-2 per cent.

NEBO NEWS.

Tobacco Buyers Numerous and Prices Offered Unusually Good.

INTERESTING POLL BY RUSTICUS. People Too Busy to Get Excited Over Politics, but Changes Are Made.

Nebo, Ky., Oct. 23.—The crack of the whip, the rattle of the wagon and the whistle and song of the day laborer is still heard on our street. More improvements in our town than for five years.

Postmaster Durham has bought what is known as the Utley lot and will remodel the old store and make a dwelling of it.

The new brick store of D. C. Morrow will soon be completed.

Work is being pushed on the new factory of Edwin Hodge and will be finished in about 30 days.

Dr. Tilford is preparing to build an addition to his dwelling.

Richard Cates has just completed a nice cottage.

Mr. Gibbons' new residence will soon be ready for occupancy.

Tobacco buyers are as thick as flies in a hog pen, and a considerable per cent of the tobacco has been bought. They are a real clever set of fellows to give as much as they do for tobacco. They could come and offer the farmer 8 cts. per pound for his tobacco, and then come the next week and offer him 5 cts. and get it, and if he would only offer 4 cts., they would fairly run over each other to take it. We personally know of a number of farmers that do that way each year, and still they gain nothing by experience.

There was no preaching in Nebo last Sunday at any of the white churches.

Rev. Currie, of the M. E. Church, South, filled his first appointment here the Second Sunday in this month. He delivered quite an interesting sermon morning and evening to a good audience. He created quite a favorable impression on all he met and we venture the prediction that his year with us will be a successful one.

Brother Wynn's memorial services were held at Rose Creek last Sunday. He was their pastor for twenty-five years.

A protracted meeting has been in progress at Bethany for sometime, and much good has been done.

No excitement visible on political matters—people are too busy, but do not think because there is no excitement that there is no interest in the election. People are for once doing their own thinking, and every day we hear of changes from Bryan and Beckham to McKinley and Yerkes. A day or two ago we met one of the leading men of this section. He told us that he had always been a Democrat, that he voted for Bryan four years ago, because they told him that if McKinley was elected, times would get harder, that he voted for Goebel because they told him that the Goebel law would be repealed. He said that he was making three dollars now where he made two then and was paying one dollar and fifty cents per day for the same hands that he then paid from sixty to eighty cents and was giving full time now where he could give them half time then. These are plain facts and right here at home.

Osteopaths Win.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 23.—The Court of Appeals today overruled a petition for rehearing in the osteopath case, the court having, in its opinion, determined that the healers had the right to practice their profession in Kentucky.

No man proposes to remain single. When he proposes he expects to get married.—Philadelphia Record.

As a matter of curiosity, we have been for several days keeping a poll of the people that we have heard express themselves. We heard fifty-three different men say how they would vote. Thirty-four are for McKinley and Yerkes, two for Bryan and Yerkes, seventeen for Bryan and Beckham. We did not hear every one express themselves as to the congressional race, but as far as we heard an expression, Lynch was seventeen and Allen twelve. These are facts as they made these declarations without solicitation on our part, and came from different parts of this county, and some from Webster county.

A great many of our people are anxious to hear Hon C. J. Pratt on the political issues of the day and believe he could do a great good here. RUSTICUS.

Seebree Notes.

Died on the 18th day of October, Miss Della Hankins, a bright and lovable young lady, sixteen years of age, after a short illness of typhoid fever. Her remains were interred at Ivy Hill cemetery. Among the floral offerings was a beautiful arrangement of roses, presented by her school mates. We miss her in the school-room and extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and friends.

The four-week-old infant of Mr. and Mrs. Theo Majors died Saturday afternoon and was interred in Ivy Hill cemetery Sunday.

While loading logs Friday morning, L. I. Vaughan had the misfortune to get his left leg broken, but is doing nicely at this writing.

Clay Hall was in Nashville Thursday.

Mrs. Frank P. Sweeney and little daughter, of Earlinton, are visiting her parents, Mr. F. Hall and wife.

Mrs. Lizzie Vaughan returned yesterday from Slaughter'sville.

Judge Little, of Owensboro, was here Saturday, and spoke to the Republicans at the City hall.

Miss Corina Singer entertained a few young people Saturday evening from 8 to 11 p. m. Games and music were the features of the evening and dainty refreshments were served at 10:30.

Miss Lola Hall spent the latter part of last week with friends in Evansville.

W. I. Smith and family spent Sunday at Slaughter'sville.

Miss Lelia Springfield will visit at New Castle, Ky., this week.

Mrs. Lizzie Morehead, of Dixon, is the guest of Mrs. Rayborn.

Dr. Neville, the painless dentist, is here.

W. C. McMullin was in Louisville, last week.

J. B. Yonts and daughters, Mesdames Crews and Watson, are in Evansville.

Miss Hattie Ramsey, of Dixon, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Eula Ramsey.

Miss Daisy C. Fields, of Livermore, is visiting her sister here.

The K. of P. Lodge, of this place, gave its annual meeting Monday evening at the Seebree House. There were about twenty-five visiting Knights from neighboring cities. A sumptuous supper was laid for one hundred, and a pleasant time reported.

We have it from a certain eastern authority that the strongest drinkers are often not able to raise the price of a drink.—Indianapolis News.